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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/543,042	07/21/2005	Graham Robertson	920602-99890	9184
23644 7550 10/13/2010 BARNES & THORNBURG LLP One NOrth Wacker Drive			EXAMINER	
			GONZALEZ, MADELINE	
CHICAGO, IL 60690-2786			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/13/2010	ELECTRONIC

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

Patent-ch@btlaw.com

## Application No. Applicant(s) 10/543.042 ROBERTSON, GRAHAM Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit MADELINE GONZALEZ 1772 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 August 2010. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1.6-10 and 18-24 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1,6-10 and 18-24 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abevance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some \* c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (FTC/SB/08)

Attachment(s)

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

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#### DETAILED ACTION

In response to applicant's amendment dated August 3, 2010

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 9, and 24 are finally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Adams et al. (U.S. 2002/0023883) [hereinafter Adams].

With respect to **claims 1 and 24**, Adams discloses a vibrating machine 200, as shown in Fig. 18, having a screen 190, as shown in Fig. 17A, over which solids flow in a specified direction (see paragraph 0061), the screen having:

 a support structure 214 defining a first rectangular opening, and woven wire cloth 216 of orthogonal warp and weft wires, as shown in Figs. 19C and 19D; Application/Control Number: 10/543,042

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 the first rectangular opening in the support structure 214 includes a plurality of similarly dimensioned, similarly orientated and regularly arranged smaller rectangular openings or windows, formed by a lattice of struts criss-crossing the first opening, as shown in Fig. 19D;

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- wherein the cloth 216 is bonded to the support structure 214, being bonded to
  the lattice struts as well as the boundary of the first opening [this is inherent
  since the screens may be bonded together in any known manner (see
  paragraph 0057)], with the cloth 216 extending in a tensioned state across the
  first opening;
- the cloth has rectangular openings in the weave, as shown in Fig. 11, having
  a greater number of warp wires 154, 156, per unit length than there are weft
  wires 152 per unit length; and
- the orientation of the cloth is such that the warp wires 154, 156, extend
  across the width (i.e. shorter dimension) of the rectangular opening and the
  weft wires 152 extend across the length (i.e. longer dimension) of the
  rectangular opening, as shown in Fig. 11 and 19B;
- wherein the warp wires 154, 156, are also parallel to the width dimension (i.e. the shorter sides) of the smaller rectangular openings, as shown in Fig. 19B.

In the alternative, it would have been obvious to provide the cloth 216 being bonded to the lattice struts as well as the boundary of the first opening of the support 214 in order to provide a better attachment between the cloth and the support and since

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Adams already suggests that the screens may be bonded together in any known manner (see paragraph 0057).

With respect to claim 9, Adams discloses wherein the wires are of circular crosssection (see paragraph 0058).

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior at are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 6-8, 10, 18-23 are finally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Adams (U.S. 2002/0023883).

Claims 6-8, 10, 18-21 and 23 include dimensional limitations, such as crosssectional area of the warp wires relative to the weft wires, and the size of the wires.

Adams teaches the warp wires, such as 106, having a cross-sectional area greater than the weft wires 102, as shown in Fig. 5A (see paragraph 0063). Adams lacks the specific percentages of the cross-sectional area of warp wires relative to the weft wires, and the specific size of the wires.

The specific dimensional limitations claimed by applicant, are considered to be nothing more than a choice of engineering skill, choice or design that a person having Application/Control Number: 10/543,042

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ordinary skill in the art would have found obvious during routine experimentation based among other things, on desired accuracy, since the courts have held that where the only difference between the prior art and the claims was a recitation of relative dimensions of the claimed device and a device having the claimed relative dimensions would not perform differently than a prior art device, the claimed device was not patentably distinct from the prior art device (see In re Gardner v. TEC Systems, Inc., 725 F.2d 1338, 220 USPQ 777 (FED. Cir. 1984), cert. Denied, 469 U.S. 830, 225 USPQ 232 (1984)).

With respect to claim 22, Adams discloses wherein the wires are of circular cross-section (see paragraph 0058).

#### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed on August 3, 2010 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to applicant's argument that Adams does not disclose a support structure including a plurality of smaller rectangular openings or windows: Adams teaches a screen assembly 210, as shown in Fig. 19A. Screen 216 has been considered the woven wire cloth and screen 214 has been considered the support structure including a plurality of smaller rectangular openings or windows, as shown in Fig. 19D. Furthermore, element 213 is a screen support that can be a perforated plate (see paragraph 0057).

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In response to applicant's argument that Adams lacks bonding of the woven wire cloth to the lattice struts of the support structure: Adams teaches that the screen 216 can be bonded to the screen 214 in any known manner; therefore, to bond the screen 216 to the lattice struts of the support structure 214 is inherent in the disclosure of Adams. In the alternative, it would have been obvious to provide the cloth 216 being bonded to the lattice struts as well as the boundary of the first opening of the support 214 in order to provide a better attachment between the cloth and the support and since Adams already suggests that the screens may be bonded together in any known manner (see paragraph 0057).

In response to applicant's argument that Adams lacks the orientation of warp and weft weaves in relation to the support structure: Adams teaches the orientation of the warp and weft wires in the screen shown in Figs. 4-13, and in relation to the support structure 214 in Figs. 19B-19D.

#### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

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TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MADELINE GONZALEZ whose telephone number is (571)272-5502. The examiner can normally be reached on M, W, Th, F- 8:30am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, In Suk Bullock can be reached on 572-272-5944. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Krishnan S Menon/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1777

Madeline Gonzalez Patent Examiner October 6, 2010